Local actors and gender perspectives in dealing with Water, Food and Energy Trade-offs: a case from Jambi, Indonesia

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Outline

Introduction:

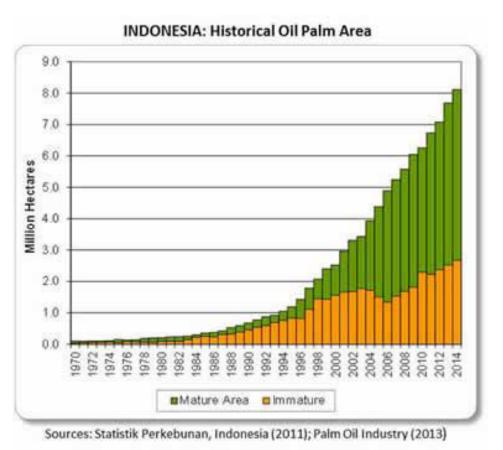
- Rapid land transformation
- Biofuel vs. Ecosystem Services *Methodology:*
- Agent-based modeling / role-playing games
 Preliminary results
- Ecosystem services trade-offs

Take home messages





Why Indonesia?



Between 1967 - 2010:

- 8.4 M ha = oil palm
- 1,900+ km2 per year

Source: Indonesian Ministry of Agriculture, 2011

... is the world's largest producer and exporter of crude oil palm





Why Indonesia?

Top five natural rubber producers (2011)	Tonnes
1. Thailand	3.34 M
2. Indonesia	3.10M
3. Malaysia	0.99 M
4. India	0.89 M
5. Viet Nam	0.81 M

Source: FAO 2011

... is the 2nd largest producer and exporter of **natural rubber**

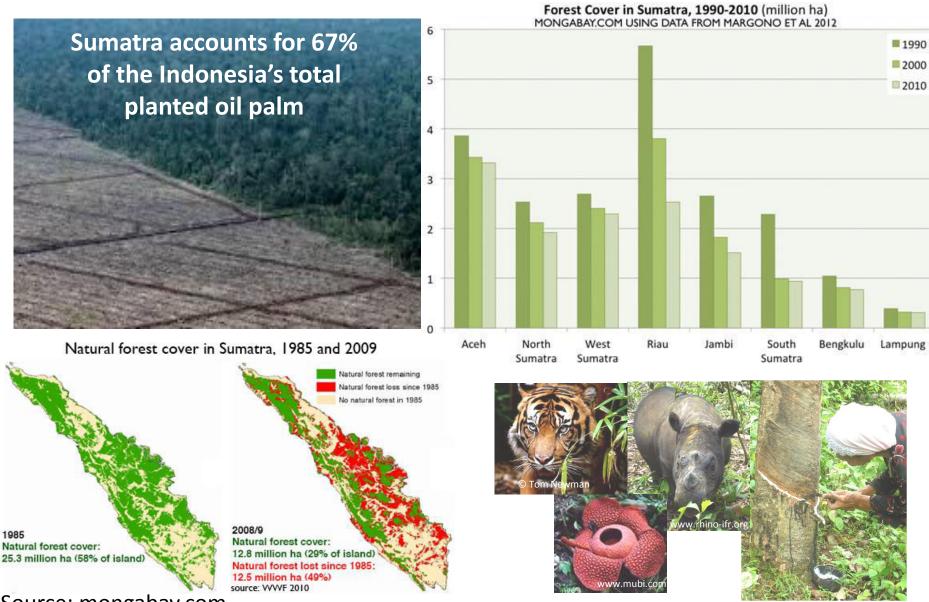
Rubber producing provinces:

- 1. South Sumatra
- 2. North Sumatra
- 3. Riau
- 4. Jambi
- 5. West Kalimantan



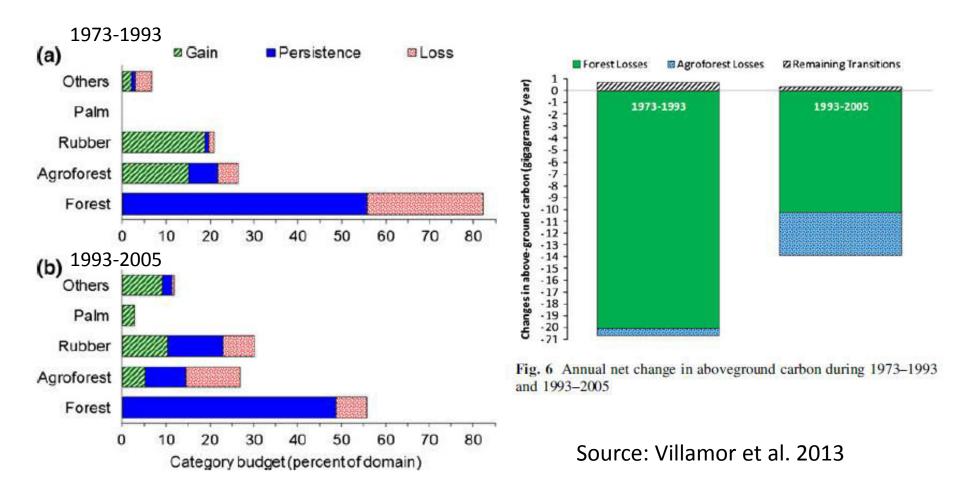
Sources: Association of Natural Rubber Producing Countries, Indonesian Rubber Association (Gapkindo), and Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

What these transitions mean?



Source: mongabay.com

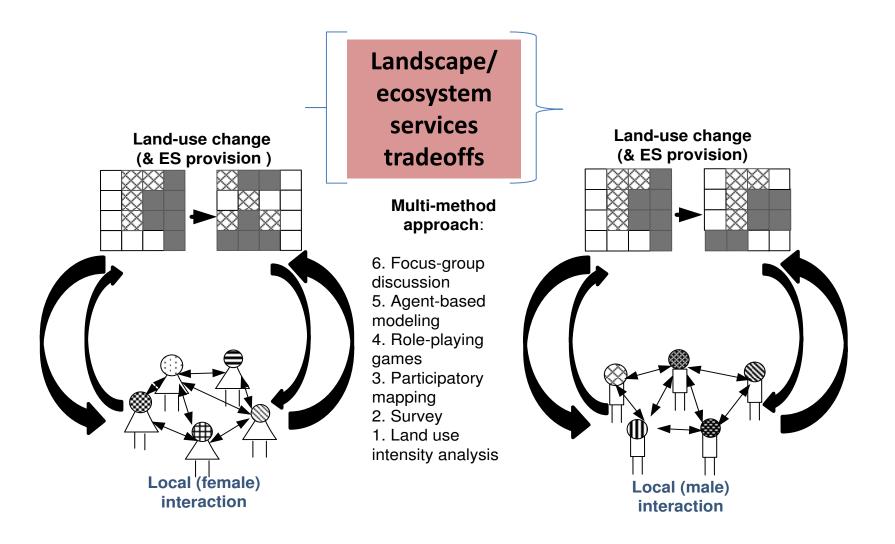
Land-use change analysis & carbon emissions



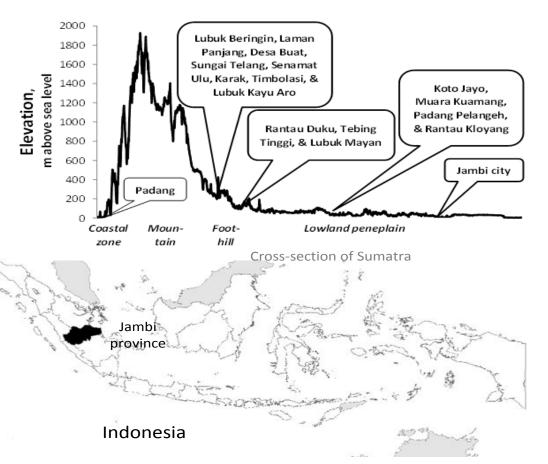
... Ranks 2nd in carbon emissions from deforestation & degradation in the world



What about the local actors?



Case study site

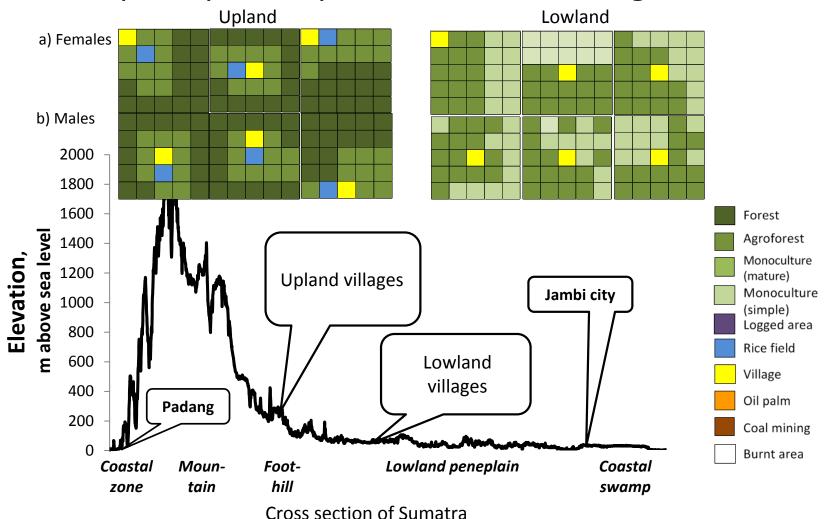


- characterizes the individual households
- identifies factors affecting land-use decisions
- N = 726 of which
 30% are females



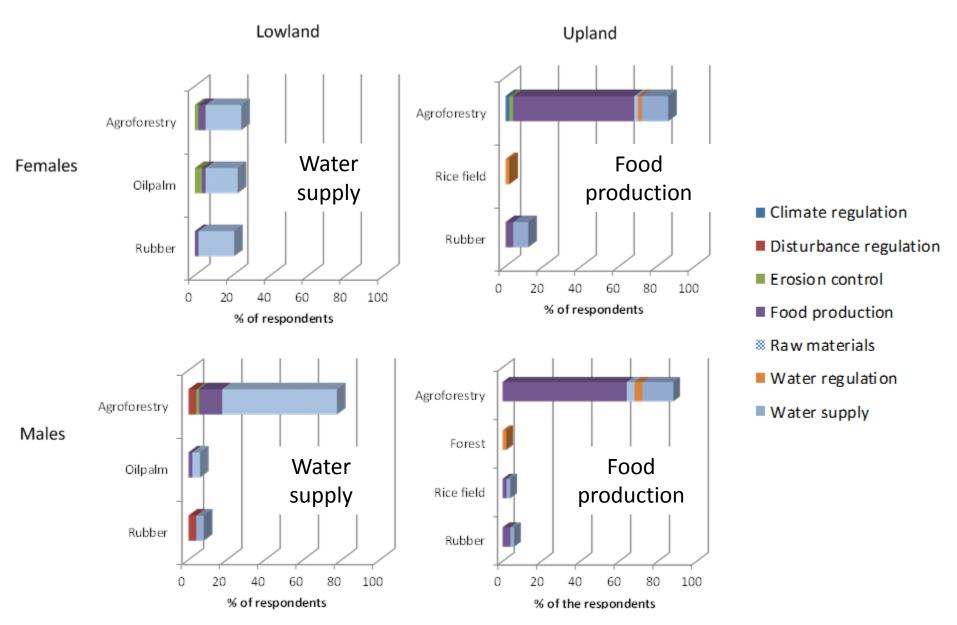


Gender perception: spatial land-use arrangement



- land use types valuable for livelihood: rice field & rubber agroforest (Upland); rubber agroforest (lowland)
- pattern of land use change (e.g., fragmentation, clustering)

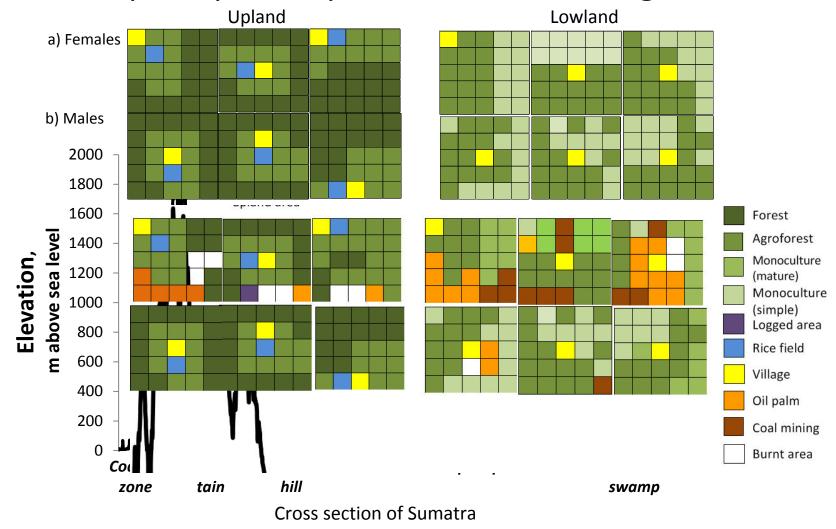
Land use and perceived ES/functionality

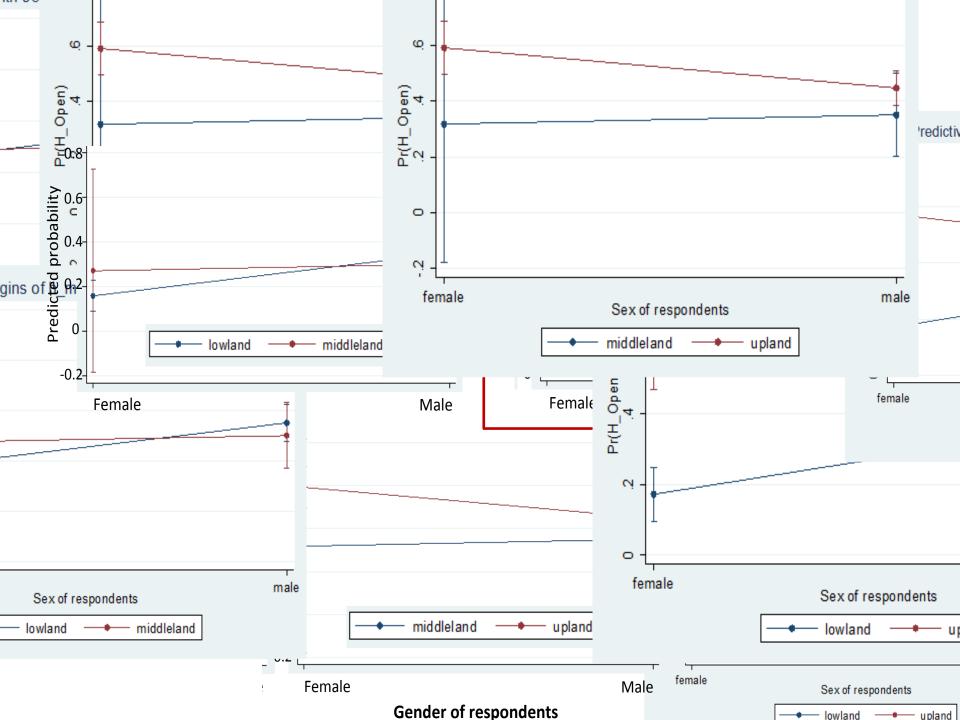






Gender perception: spatial land-use arrangement

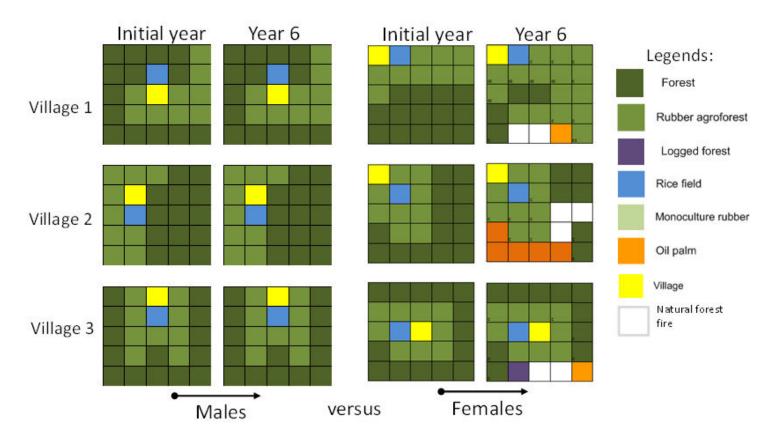








Who is more dynamic and explorative?

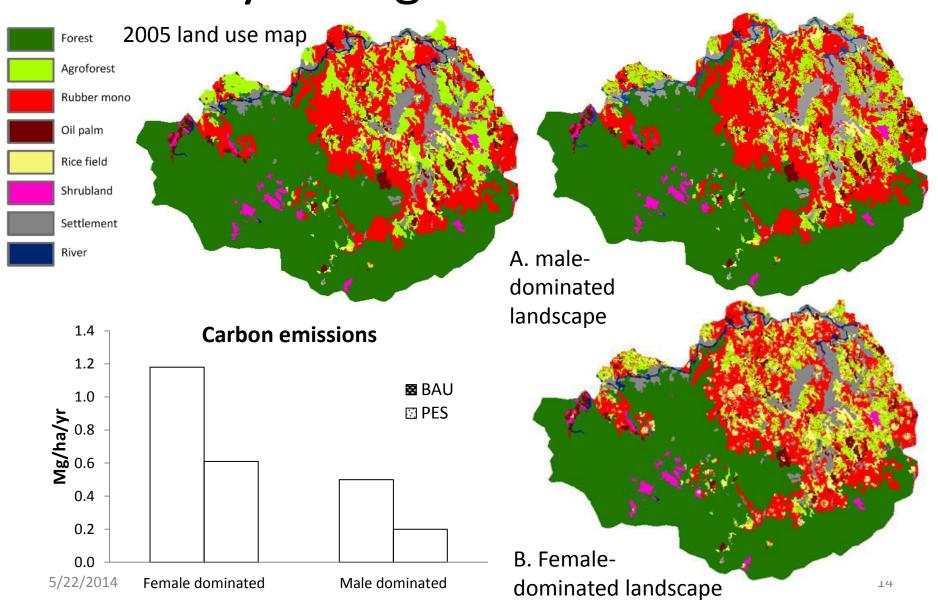


Women from both the upland and lowland villages who played the RPG approached land use change in a more dynamic way than men from the same villages, reacting more positively to external investors proposing logging or oil palm conversion.





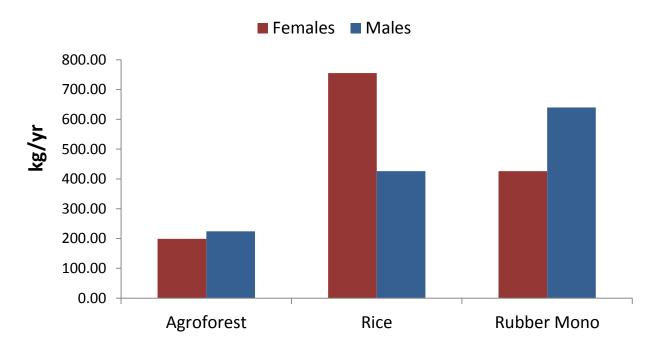
Ecosystem goods & services







Ecosystem goods & services



Take home message:

Business-as-usual scenario

- Gender matters in land-use decision making
- Gender differentiated roles may affect the ecosystem service delivery
- Gender differentiation should be considered in policies addressing ¹⁵ tradeoffs.

Villamor, G.B., M. van Noordwijk, U. Djanibekov, M.E. Chiong-Javier and D. Catacutan. 2014. Gender differences in land-use decisions: shaping multifunctional landscapes?. *Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability*, 6: 128-133.

Villamor, G.B., Desianti, F., Akiefnawati, R., Amaruzaman, S. and M. van Noordwijk. 2013. Gender influences decisions to change land use practices in the tropical forest margins of Jambi, Indonesia. *Mitigation and Adaptation Strategies for Global Change*, DOI: 10.1007/s11027-013-9478-7

Villamor, G.B., Leimona, B., and M. van Noordwijk. 2013. RUPES role-playing game (RPG). In: van Noordwijk, M., Lusiana, B., Leimona, B., Dewi, S., and D. Wulandari (eds.): Negotiation-support toolkit for learning landscapes. World Agroforestry Centre, 245-248.

Thank you for your attention

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